Moving Forward:

Future Approaches of

Nova Scotia

Restorative Practices

COALITION OF RESTORATIVE JUSTICE AGENCIES CoRJA

PRESENTATION TO: STANDING COMMITTEE ON COMMUNITY SERVICES May 1st, 2012

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Who is CoRJA?

Restorative Justice is not simply a program or a practice, it is a philosophy, a set of principles.

In 1999 the Nova Scotia Restorative Justice Program was implemented through service agreements with eight not-for-profit community justice agencies and one tribal organization offering services specifically for Aboriginal youth. Over the past decade The Nova Scotia Community Justice program has gained attention as a national and world class leader through its innovative and progressive model.

In 2009, the Community Agencies delivering Restorative Justice initiatives across Nova Scotia formed The Coalition of Restorative Justice Agencies (CoRJA) to provide support for common issues that impact our agencies as a whole as we deliver restorative justice programs for the Province of Nova Scotia. With a united voice to government, CoRJA works to advocate and promote awareness of our community agencies.

RESTORATIVE JUSTICE

Definition:

Restorative Justice is not about restoring justice; it is restoring relationships and repairing harm. Although within Nova Scotia it has historically been used within a criminal context, there have been many other applications where restorative approaches have been beneficial in creating safer communities.

Restorative Justice emphasizes the way in which crime hurts relationships between people who live in a community. Crime is seen as something done against a victim and the community - not simply as a violation against the state. Crime may be any wrong that weakens relationships between people or harms community living. The Restorative Justice process, as implemented by the Nova Scotia Restorative Justice Program, strives to repair relationships within the community. In addition to strengthening the community, the individual's needs are met through the development and implementation of programs to address these areas.

Expanded role for victims:

Through the Restorative Justice process, the offender is held accountable to those he or she has harmed. Many victims say that they tend to feel left out of their own cases in the traditional justice system. In contrast, restorative justice programs allow the voices of victims to be heard through active participation in the Restorative Justice process which allows victims to have input into the outcome.

Restorative Justice gets the community involved:

Restorative Justice involves individual community members, community agencies, police, schools, organizations, religious communities and business in a variety of preventative and responsive programs to bridge gaps between people and organizations. Communities have the right to feel safe and secure. Restorative Justice helps communities build their sense of safety and capacity for collective action by having community members be active in peacemaking.

Restorative Justice Requires the Offender to Take Responsibility:

Restorative Justice offers an opportunity for the offender to accept responsibility for their actions and then actively work towards repairing the harm caused to victims and community. Some offenders choose to appear in court rather than participate in the Restorative Justice process when they find out they will be required to face those they have harmed.

FOUR GOALS OF NOVA SCOTIA RESTORATIVE JUSTICE PROGRAM

1. Reduce Recidivism

It has been shown that face-to-face meetings with victims can have a profound effect on the future behaviour of offenders. The nature of the restorative process provides an opportunity to focus on and address the underlying causes of the criminal behaviour and the constructive reintegration of the offender into the community.

2. Increase Victim Satisfaction

The victim's voice is rarely heard in the formal justice system. By having a forum in which a victim can express how the offence has impacted them, and assist in the identification of the reparative measures, victims may derive greater satisfaction. Victims are supported throughout the process by the community agency staff and volunteers.

3. Strengthen Communities

The community justice agencies strengthen communities by building relationships through restorative practice. The agencies collaborate with community-based service providers for programming such as Mental Health and Addiction Services. The agencies also deliver programs to meet the needs of our communities, including Anger Management, Voices for Girls, and Drug, Alcohol Awarness, and Restorative Options for Youth in Care. Many of the community justice agencies across Nova Scotia are leaders in supporting their local communities in the development of long-term initiatives using Restorative Approaches, including CATCH (Children at the Critical Hour), Restorative Practice in Schools, and Elder Abuse.

4. Increase Public Confidence in the Justice System

Prior to 1999, the formal justice system assumed primary responsibility for crime prevention and crime control. As a result, communities have become increasingly alienated from the justice system. With the introduction of the NSRJ program, the use of restorative approaches invites the participation of communities in achieving reconciliation between offenders and those harmed through the commission of an offence. Greater participation and voice by communities and victims, has enhanced public confidence in the justice system.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The Community Justice Agencies have been delivering programs to youth in conflict with the law since 1981. Restorative Justice became a mandatory Provincial Program in 2001 and has become a key feature of the formal justice system's response to youth criminal activity.

Provincial Restorative Justice Agencies have redirected over 17672 cases (as of November 2011) away from the formal court system. Successful completion rates typically hover around the high 80 to low 90 percent rate.

According to Dr. Donald Clairmont's 2005 report based on the 1941 youth who were directed to Restorative Justice Agencies by that date, only 23% returned to the criminal justice system whereas those who were directed to Youth Court for a first offense returned at a rate of 51%¹. Even more importantly, according to Dr. Clairmont's report, follow-up surveys conducted after the compilation of these initial statistics indicate that only 9% of interviewed youth who had attended Restorative Justice processes had committed a further offence. These and other statistics reflect the effectiveness of our agencies and the level of social and community change that our staff and volunteers have brought to Nova Scotia through their work on this program.

Taking a larger view, NSRJ has garnered world attention. Some of this is the direct result of the partnership the Nova Scotia Restorative Justice/Community University Research Alliance (NSRJ-CURA). A Jordanian delegation travelled to Nova Scotia to meet with and learn from NSRJ practitioners. In October 2010, a Nova Scotia delegation attended the IIRP Conference in Hull, UK.

NSRJ also partnered with the Nova Scotia Gambia Association, Mount Saint Vincent, HRM Police and other parties/services on the Community Policing in the Gambia Project which saw NSRJ Caseworkers travel to the Gambia four times over a five year period to train/work with police and educators in Africa.

In June 2011, NSRJ-CURA co-hosted the IIRP Conference that took place in Halifax at which time the world came to our backyard to see what we have been doing in Nova Scotia. Many workshops were held that highlighted the progressive work of our community agencies in the field of Restorative Practice.

¹ Clairmont, Don, The NS Restorative Justice Initiative, Final Report to Ottawa, December 2005 – page 173.

MOVING FORWARD

This is an exciting time in Nova Scotia. As outlined in the Crime Prevention Strategy that was announced by Minister Landry at the 2012 Crime Prevention Symposium, Restorative Approaches are expanding beyond the realm of criminal justice and reaching out into communities. Community Justice Agencies have been leaders in their field for over 10 years and are positioned to offer expertise and skills to support this growth.

It is recognized that throughout Nova Scotia there exists a broader understanding and desire for restorative approaches across government departments and everywhere from classrooms to boardrooms, such as the recent extension of the Schools Plus program where restorative practices will be used. This year, the Nova Scotia Youth Facility will be establishing a "restorative cottage" utilizing restorative practices. A new Restorative Approach to senior / elder abuse is being explored in Nova Scotia.

CoRJA encourages and supports future growth of the member agencies and their involvement in Restorative Approaches, whether it be in Justice, Education, Community Services, Health, or the private sector. Nova Scotia has been a leader internationally in Restorative Justice approaches and can continue to be so through collaboration and coordination. Continued expansion and growth in our communities is the key to our success in the future.

All levels of Government are managing through difficult fiscal times. The Community Justice Agencies already have limiting budgets and additional resources will be required to move forward with the use of Restorative Approaches.

A new way of thinking about Government funding approaches is required to ensure we do not dilute the effectiveness and success of Restorative Approaches through individual departmental silo thinking and funding. A multi-departmental collaborative approach to funding Restorative Practices will ensure a better return on the investment and achiever richer outcomes for the community.

CoRJA members, including their strong cadre of community volunteers, is a virtual Centre of Excellence in Restorative Approaches for Nova Scotia. We are positioned and ready to play a leadership role as Nova Scotia embraces and reaps the benefits of expanded Restorative Approaches throughout our communities and society.

CoRJA MEMBERSHIP 2012

Community Justice Society - Halifax region

Halifax Regional Municipality Executive Director - Yvonne Atwell Board member - Denise Levangie

Cumberland Community Alternatives Society

Cumberland County Executive Director - Jennifer Furlong Board member - Jean Jacklin

John Howard Restorative Justice (The John Howard Society Central Region)

East Hants and Colchester Counties Director - Chris King Executive Director of John Howard - John Peach Board member - Bob MacDonald

John Howard Society restorative Justice North Eastern Region

Counties of Pictou, Antigonish and Guysborough Director - Susan Hughes Executive Director of John Howard - John Peach Board member - Bob MacDonald

Island Community Justice Society

Cape Breton Island Executive Director - Angela Steele Board member - Linda Parris

Mi'kmaw Legal Support Network

All of Nova Scotia -First Nations Executive Director - Paula Marshall Co-ordinator of Projects - Grace Campbell

South Shore Community Justice Society

Counties of Queens and Lunenburg Executive Director - Susan Himmelman Board member - Kevin Marlin

Tri County Restorative Justice

Counties of Digby, Yarmouth and Shelburne Executive Director - Tanya Bain Board member - John Chant

Valley Restorative Justice

Counties of West Hants, Kings, and Annapolis Executive Director - Marge DeBodt Board member -Tara Moore

For further information, please contact the agency in your particular area.

The Mi'kmaq Legal Support Network (MLSN) began operations in July 2002 with the purpose is to develop and maintain a sustainable justice support system for all Mi'kmaw/Aboriginal people in the Nova Scotia Criminal Justice System. Throughout these years, MLSN has been able to carry out a number of activities that have benefited many Mi'kmaq/Aboriginal people who have been involved with the criminal justice system throughout the province of Nova Scotia.

MLSN exists as a justice support system for Aboriginal people who are involved in the criminal justice system in Nova Scotia. Through the past number of years MLSN has provided core services through the Mi'kmaw Court Worker and Mi'kmaw Customary Law programs and more recently the Victim Support Services program. On a monthly basis, these 12 staff provides service to 40-50 Mi'kmaq/Aboriginal clients living on and off reserve within NS. Each client has unique needs during the justice process and requires many hours of staff's attention; geographical distance increases this variable.

As well, MLSN provides additional support services for all Aboriginal people in Nova Scotia by identifying and addressing gaps in the mainstream justice programs and services such as the program of Building a Bridge and the Court Interpreters programs. Since its inception, MLSN has always attempted to make a non-Mi'kmaq system of justice better for Aboriginal people in Nova Scotia. This system is largely process oriented and lacking Aboriginal cultural values. MLSN programs and services help bridge these gaps but it is often found that the criminal justice system needs to be more receptive to Mi'kmaq concepts of justice.

MLSN is a partner of the Nova Scotia RJ program and as such, a member of CORJA. MLSN provides a variety of justice tools specific to Aboriginal people in Nova Scotia. The Mi'kmaw Customary Law Program provides culturally relevant community based programs such as justice Circles, community sentencing, and healing circles through cost-share agreements between the federal and provincial governments. This allows Aboriginal people in Nova Scotia to assume a significant role in working with offenders and resolving civil and criminal disputes in their own communities.

As the NSRJ program grows in mandate and scope so does the complexity and responsibilities of each organization. The reputation of the NSRJ organizations as leaders in service delivery and credibility has created a competence in Nova Scotia's justice system. CORJA and its membership agencies deserve a round of applause for meeting the goals of the program to the benefit of the Province.

On behalf of MLSN we would like the honorable members present to be aware of the programs, its impact on the justice landscape and the resourcing needs to accomplish all that it does.

Programs Currently being Delivered/ Future Development

AGENCY	CURRENT PROGRAMS Core Programs Workshops	AGENCY VISION	OTHER ACTIVITIES Committee Community	
Community Justice Society	Youth RJ (12-17 yrs) Community conference, north end Community circle Waterville youth Centre	Rites of passage Voices for Girls IMOVE in my own voice Stoplift Voices for Change Noggin Knowledge Victim support circle P.A.R.T.Y program	Adult RJ Support for restorative practice in schools Bullying programs Social Marketing to promote CJS Fund-raising Building strong partnerships with the business sector	

Cumberland Community Alternatives Society	Youth RJ (12-17 yrs) Youth CSO Adult CSO	Anger Management Stoplifting Voices	IARJPP site Continue to support implementation of RJ in Schools Develop a Drug and Alcohol educational workshop	Schools Plus Advisory Interagency Committee on Family Violence Cumberland Kids (CYS County Partner Group)	Regular attendance at Youth Justice CourtPresentations to local schools and community groupsProvide placement and employment opportunities for post-secondary studentsOn-going education and training of Justice stakeholders and community partners
John Howard (Truro) Restorative Justice	Youth RJ (12-17 yrs) Adult RJ Youth CSO Adult CSO	Offer a Variety of Crime Prevention Workshops Offer Variety of Life Skills Sessions Victim Empathy Personal Development Mentor Employability Workshop & ongoing after care support Ongoing program development to meet the individual's needs	More active presence in the schools Develop meaningful intervention programs for young adults. Work in collaboration with court/judiciary stakeholders to address issues surrounding youth case processing time.	Colchester Partners Domestic Violence Action Plan Court Case Processing Committee	JHS Work Resource Center (we accept clients at the office for CSW) Regular Court Attendance RJ Group at Nova Institution Volunteers Recruitment/training/meetings Provide RJ presentations to local community groups/schools Provide student placement for NSCC students/Community Services Youth Engagement On going meetings with stakeholders and referrals sources - training/refreshers

John Howard Society (Westville) Restorative Justice	Youth RJ (12-17 yrs)	Resume writing workshop	Adult RJ	Roots for Youth - Committee Members	Volunteer Recruitment/training/meetings
	Youth CSO Adult CSO Launch Out - Youth	On-site tutoring program Time Management Workshop (developed specifically for pre-breach referrals/curfew	Collaborating with schools re: Restorative Practices in schools Re-visiting pre-breach referrals with options to breaching	School Plus Committees	Provide RJ presentations to local community groups/schools Provide student placement for NSCC
	Employability Program (2X yr) - funded by Service Canada	breaches)	Expanding agency programing to assist client needs		students/Community Services Youth Engagement On going meetings with referrals sources - training/refreshers
Island Community Justice Society	Youth RJ (12-17 yrs) Adult RJ (currently only within CBRM) CSO	Anger Management Anti-bullying collaboration with school board via Schools Plus	Continue with Adult RJ to see implementation across Cape Breton Island Seek ongoing funding for pilot programs - CATCH and YIP	Association for Safer Cape Breton Communities Domestic Violence Court	Volunteer Recruitment/training/meetings Provide RJ presentations to local community
	CATCH / YIP		Networking to enhance community awareness of services and programs	Working Committee Child & Youth Strategy - Eastern Region	groups/schools Provide student placement for post-secondary students
			Education and collaboration of RJ practices and principles in other community agencies and schools.	Inter-Agency on Family Violence Asset Building	On going meetings with referrals sources - training/refreshers

Mi'kmaw Legal Support Network	Youth RJ (12-17 yrs)	Victim support program	The vision of the MLSN is that Mi'kmaq / First Nation people will		
	Adult RJ	Building a Bridge project	have autonomy and control over		
	Court worker program	Mi'kmaw Venture Program	their justice support system within a time-frame and operational		
		Mi'kmaq Translators program	structure to be determined by the Mi'kmaq / First Nation people and their leadership.		
		Community Service Hours			
		Gladue reports			
		Cultural Gatherings within Correctional facilities			
		Cultural Sensitivity sessions			
South Shore Community Justice	Youth RJ (12-17 yrs)		Adult RJ		
Society		Voices Program		School Plus	Court Attendance
	Youth CSO	Anger Management	Expand on the Restorative justice in schools	Big Brother/Big Sister	Volunteer training
		Drug and Alcohol Program			On going training of Stakeholders
	Adult CSO		Develop more programs for youth as the availability of programing is getting very limited in the area		Presentations to community groups and schools

Tri County Restorative Justice	Youth RJ (12-17 yrs)	RJ in all Schools to deal with issues such as bullying and attendance	Schools Plus Committee (Yarmouth and Digby)	Provide presentations to organizations, schools, referral
		(Agencies as Resources)		sources, councils etc.
	RJ in schools		Clare Rec. Department	
		Healing approaches to Senior		Sit on a variety of Boards
	Piolet Project for Seniors	Abuse (Agencies as Resources)	Big Brothers/Big Sisters	
				Involved in several Interagency
		Collaborating with other organizations and businesses in the	Early Intervention Program	groups in Tri-Counties.
		implementation of a restorative	Health Care Center Steering	Partner with NSCC Burridge Campus
		approach	Committee	providing training opportunities for students.
			SHYFT (Homeless youth	
			shelter) Committee	Continue working with schools interested in implementing a
			Community Heath Board	restorative approach.
			(Digby)	

Valley Restorative Justice	Youth RJ (12-17 yrs)	Crime Prevention Programs/ Workshops for youth at risk or	Adult RJ	Kings Co. Department of Justice Best Practice	Provide VRJ presentations to community
	1 outil KJ (12-17 yrs)	on RJ Caseload (Funded by	To provide restorative healing for	Committee	groups/committees/schools
	Pilot site for Healing for	Law Foundation)	elders in our catchment area	Committee	groups/commutees/schools
	Elder Abuse		enders in our eatenment area	Annapolis/Kings Networking	Volunteer recruitment/training
		Options to Anger	To continue to deliver Crime	Committee	meetings
			Prevention Programs/Workshops to		e e e e
	Collaborative	Positive Self	youth - including newly developed	Children and Youth Action	Ongoing meetings with referral
	Reintegration Program at		cyber-bullying program	Committee	sources & community placement
	NSYF	Stoplift			agencies - training/refreshers
			Support for RJ	Kings County Crime	
	Youth CSO	Justice Awareness	(Practices/Approaches) in Schools	Prevention Committee	Provide placement and employment opportunities for NSCC and
		Victim Empathy		AVRSB Youth Health Center	post-secondary students
				Committee	
		"Choices" Drug Education and			
		Awareness		Kings Co. Senior Safety	
				Committee	
		Adolescent Alcohol		West Hende A 11:stiene	
		Education and Awareness		West Hants Addictions	
		Education and Awareness		Committee	
		Leisure Education		West Hants Community	
				Partnerships Committee	
		Off Highway Vehicle			
		Workshop		Schools Plus Implementation	
		*		Committee	
				(Most committee involvement	
				is by Director and/or staff	
				member)	